Name:	Date: LESSON 5		
UNIT 7			
AIM: HOW DO WE DIVIDE	SEGMENTS PROPORTIO	NALLY?	
<i>Do Now:</i> Given m is the midpoint of line segment \overline{AB}	:		
a) What ratio does M split the segment into?	A	M	B
b) How many total parts are in the segment?		m	
c) What fraction of the way from A to B is the mi	idpoint M?		
 Partition the following segments, given the ratio 3:2 of the directed line segment AB (initial point A). How many total equal parts are there? 	 2) Partition the following segments, given the ratio 3:2 of the directed line segment AB (initial point B). How many total equal parts are there? 		
A B	A		В
segment.	R		
A) State the partition ratio of $\overset{Q}{A}$	B) What fractio	n of the way along A	B is [.]
a. AQ:QB	a. AQ		
b. AP:PB	b. AP		
c. AR:RB	c. AR		
C.) Can you find the relationship between the partitio	on ratio and the fractio	n?	
• A directed line segment has both order of the letters matters!	and	In othe	r words, the
Partition Ratio::::			
Fraction:			
Dilation Scale Factor:			

I

Example 3: Determine the ratio and fraction of the way of the directed line segment \overline{AB} when partitioned by point P. (Hint: <u>A is the initial point</u>)



FINDING SPECIFIC POINTS USING DIRECTED LINE SEGMENTS

GRAPHICALLY:

Example 4: Directed line segment *KL* has endpoints whose coordinates are *K*(*-5, -4*) and *L*(*5, 1*). Determine the coordinates of point *M* that divides the segment in the ratio 3:2.

- 1. Graph the Line(if not already done)
- 2. Find slope and mark all points using slope
- 3. Find the point J that will partition the directed segment into 3:2 ratio (starting from K)



NYTO (Now You Try One): Directed line segment *PT* has endpoints whose coordinates are P(-2, 1) and T(4, 7). Determine the coordinates of point *J* that divides the segment in the ratio 2 to 1.



DIRECTED LINE SEGMENT FORMULA!

$$(x_1 + k(x_2 - x_1), y_1 + k(y_2 - y_1))$$

Where:



Example 5: The coordinates of the endpoints of \overline{AB} are A(-6, -5) and B(4, 0). Point *P* is on \overline{AB} . Determine and state the coordinates of point *P*, such that AP:PB is 2:3.

NYTO (Now You Try One): Point *P* is on segment *AB* such that AP:PB is 4:5. If *A* has coordinates (4, 2), and *B* has coordinates (22, 2), determine and state the coordinates of *P*.

PARTNER PRACTICE:

1) The endpoints of \overline{DEF} are D(1, 4) and F(16, 14). Determine and state the coordinates of point *E*, if DE: EF = 2:3.

- 2) Point *Q* is on \overline{MN} such that MQ:QN = 2:3. If *M* has coordinates (3, 5) and *N* has coordinates (8, -5), the coordinates of *Q* are
 - 1) (5,1)
 - 2) (5,0)
 - 3) (6,-1)
 - 4) (6,0)
- 3) What are the coordinates of the point on the directed line segment from K(-5, -4) to L(5, 1) that partitions the segment into a ratio of 3 to 2?
 - 1) (-3,-3)
 - 2) (-1,-2)
 - 3) $\left(0, -\frac{3}{2}\right)$
 - 4) (1,-1)
- Point P is on the directed line segment from point X(−6, −2) to point Y(6, 7) and divides the segment in the ratio 1:5. What are the coordinates of point P?
 - 1) $\left(4, 5\frac{1}{2}\right)$ 2) $\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -4\right)$ 3) $\left(-4\frac{1}{2}, 0\right)$ 4) $\left(-4, -\frac{1}{2}\right)$



7. \overline{AB} is drawn from A(0, 10) to B(-7, -4). Find point C that partitions \overline{AB} in the ratio 5:2.



8. Directed line segment *PT* has endpoints whose coordinates are P(-2, 1) and T(4, 7). Determine the coordinates of point *J* that divides the segment in the ratio 2 to 1.

