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## AIM: WHAT IS THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN SLOPES AND PARALLEL LINES?

Do Now: On the graph draw where the rise and the run are and then determine the rise, run and slope of the line.

Rise $=$ $\qquad$ Run $=$ $\qquad$ Slope $=$ $\qquad$


Example \#1: Two line segments, $A B$ and CD are shown graphed below. Determine the slope of both of these lines graphically. Recall that slope is the ratio of the rise of the line to the run of the line as we move from left to right along the x -axis.

Slope of $\overline{A B}$ :
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { rise }=\Delta y= & \text { rise }=\Delta y= \\ \text { run }=\Delta x= & \text { run }=\Delta x= \\ \text { slope }=m=\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}= & \text { slope }=m=\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}=\end{array}$



Example \#2: Using the slope formula only, find the slope of the line segment that has the following endpoints. Write your slope in simplest form.

| (a) $A(-2,4) B(8,10)$ | (b) $C(-10,3) D(11,-9)$ | (c) $E(2,11) F(-2,3)$ | (d) $G(9,3) H(-2,3)$ | (e)I $(-5,4) J(-5,-2)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |


|  | Graphically |
| :--- | :---: |
| Finding Slope | Pick any 2 points on the line or segment. Start with the point more to the LEFT. |
|  | $m=\frac{\text { rise }}{\text { run }} \quad \frac{\text { count boxes up or down }}{\text { count boxes right }}$ |

Example \#3: Two line segments, $\overline{A B}$ and $\overline{C D}$ are shown graphed below.
a) Determine the slope of $\overline{A B}$.
b) Determine the slope of $\overline{C D}$.

Example \#4: In the diagram below, the two pairs of parallel lines are shown.

(a) Name the parallel line pairs.
(b) For each pair, determine the slopes of the two lines that make up the pair. You can do this graphically or algebraically.


| Discovery | Example |
| :---: | :---: |
| Parallel lines have $\ldots$ slopes! | $m=\frac{1}{2}$ then $\\| m=$ |

Example \#5: Given the points $A(-2,1), \mathrm{B}(6,7), C(-4,-3)$ and $D(8,6)$.
(a)Is $\overline{A B} \| \overline{C D}$ ? Give evidence to support your answer.
(b) Is $\overline{A C} \| \overline{B D}$ ? Give evidence to support your answer.

Practice NYTS (Now You Try Some!)

1. On the diagram below, draw a line that passes through point C and is parallel to $\overline{A B}$. Explain how you created your line.

2. Triangle $X Y Z$ is graphed on the set of axes below. On the same set of axes, $\Delta X^{\prime} Y^{\prime} Z^{\prime}$, the image of $\triangle X Y Z$ after a dilation with a scale factor of $\frac{3}{2}$ centered at the origin is shown. Use slopes to explain why $\overline{Y^{\prime} X^{\prime} \|} \overline{Y X}$.

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## Determine if \#'s 1-3 are (T)rue or (F)alse.

1. If $\mathrm{A}(-3,5)$ and $\mathrm{B}(-5,7)$, then the slope of $\overline{A B}$ is -1 .

T or F
2. If $\mathrm{A}(2,3)$ and $\mathrm{B}(4,9)$, then the slope of $\overline{A B}$ is $\frac{1}{3}$.

T or F
3. If $\mathrm{A}(5,4)$ and $\mathrm{B}(5,5)$, then the slope of $\overline{A B}$ is zero.

T or $F$
4. Given the four points $A(-3,5), B(1,13), C(4,2)$ and $D(10,5)$ are $\overline{A B}$ and $\overline{C D}$ parallel? Justify.
5. Given the four points $E(2,5), F(7,1), G(2,-3)$ and $H(-8,5)$ is $\overline{E F} \| \overline{G H}$ ? Show how you determined your answer.
6. Given quadrilateral $A B C D$ shown, answer the following:
(a) Determine the slope of all four sides either algebraically or graphically. Label all slopes.
(b) State all pairs of parallel sides based on (a).
(c) What type of figure does this represent?


