

Name: _____

Date: _____

UNIT 5**LESSON 12****AIM: THE PRODUCT OF THE MEANS EQUALS THE PRODUCT OF THE EXTREMES***Do Now:* Simplify the following fractions

a) $\frac{2}{6}$

b) $\frac{5}{15}$

c) $\frac{10}{35}$

WHY can we do this?

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{2}{6}$$

- We solve proportions by _____. We can do this because the product of the _____ equals the product of the _____!
- When triangles are similar, angles are _____ and sides are in _____.
- Therefore, to prove triangles are similar, we need to state _____ are congruent using _____.
- Once we have similar triangles we can say corresponding _____ or similar triangles are in _____.
- Finally, we can say the product of the _____ equals the product of the _____!
- How will we know if our proof involves us stating the product of the means equals the product of the extremes? The prove statement will be a _____.

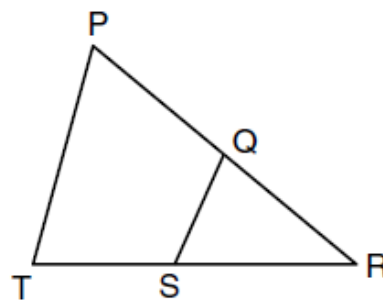
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	PROVE STATEMENT	REASON
1.	Similarity Statement $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$	$AA \cong AA$
2.	Proportion $\frac{AB}{BC} = \frac{DE}{EF}$	Corresponding parts of similar triangles are in proportion.
3.	Product $BC \times DE = AB \times EF$	The product of the means equals the product of the extremes

1. Given: Q is a point on \overline{PR} , S is a point on \overline{TR} , \overline{QS} is drawn
 $\angle RPT \cong \angle RQS$

Prove: $PR \cdot RS = RT \cdot QR$

What proportion can we set up that will give us this product?



What triangles do we need to prove are similar first?

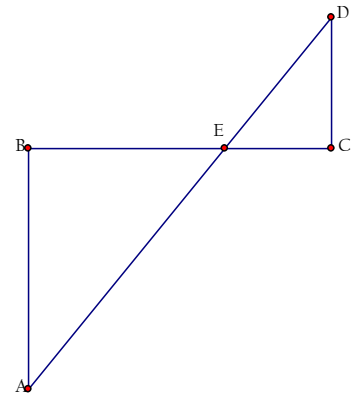
STATEMENT	REASON

2. Given: $\overline{DC} \perp \overline{BC}$, $\overline{AB} \perp \overline{BC}$

Prove: $AB \cdot EC = EB \cdot DC$

What proportion can we set up that will give us this product?

What triangles do we need to prove are similar first?

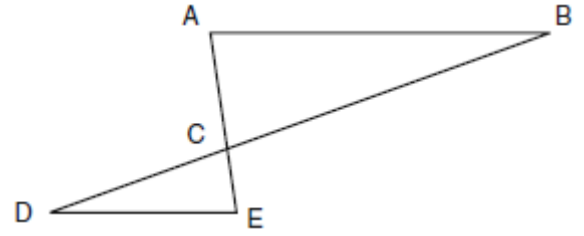


STATEMENT

REASON

3. Given: \overline{AE} and \overline{BD} intersect at C , and $\overline{AB} \parallel \overline{ED}$
Prove: $AB \cdot DC = BC \cdot ED$

What proportion can we set up that will give us this product?



What triangles do we need to prove are similar first?

STATEMENT

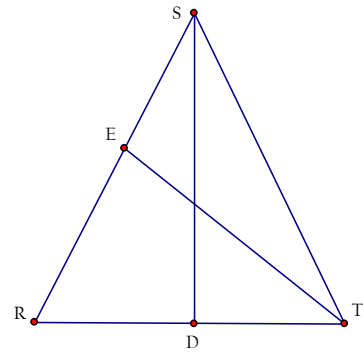
REASON

4. Given: $\triangle SRT$ with $\overline{SR} \cong \overline{ST}$
 $\overline{TE} \perp \overline{RS}$, $\overline{SD} \perp \overline{RT}$

Prove: $ER \cdot SD = TE \cdot DT$

What proportion can we set up that will give us this product?

What triangles do we need to prove are similar first?



STATEMENT

REASON

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UNIT 5

LESSON 12

HOMEWORK

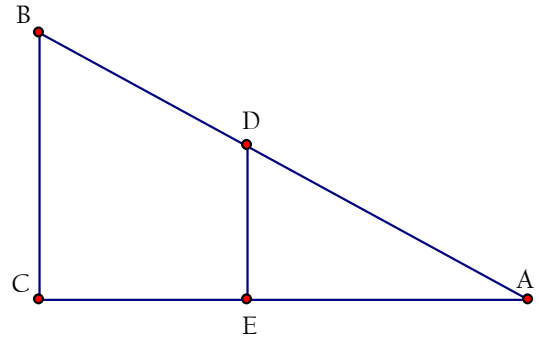
1. For the following, fill in the missing pieces.

PRODUCT	$ER \cdot SD = TE \cdot DT$		$EB \cdot DC = AB \cdot EC$	
PROPORTION		$\frac{AD}{ED} = \frac{AB}{CB}$		
SIMILARITY STATEMENT				$\Delta PRT \sim \Delta QRS$

2. Given: In right triangle ABC , $\angle C = 90^\circ$, $\overline{DE} \perp \overline{AC}$

Prove: $\frac{AD}{ED} = \frac{AB}{CB}$

What proportion can we set up that will give us this product?



What triangles do we need to prove are similar first?

STATEMENT	REASON