UNIT 2

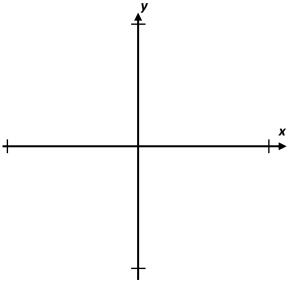
AIM: HOW DO WE IDENTIFY A POLYNOMIAL'S MULTIPLICITY

<u>Do Now:</u> Given the following quadratic equations, answer the following questions:

1.
$$x^2 - x - 6 = 0$$

II.
$$x^2 - 2x + 1 = 0$$

- a) What is the degree of each polynomial?
- b) How many roots will you expect there to be?
- c) What is the leading coefficient of the equations?
- d) Find the roots of the quadratic equations algebraically and sketch on the same graph (below) **without** the use of a calculator.



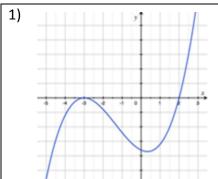
WORD	DEFINITION
Multiplicity	

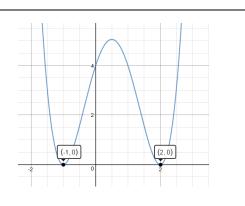
- When the multiplicity is EVEN, the graph will ______at the root.
- When the multiplicity is ODD, the graph will _______at the root.

PRACTICE:

For questions #1-2,

- a) Find the zeros of the following polynomial functions.
- b) State their multiplicities
- c) State the degree of the polynomial.
- d) Write the equation in factored form.

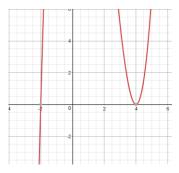




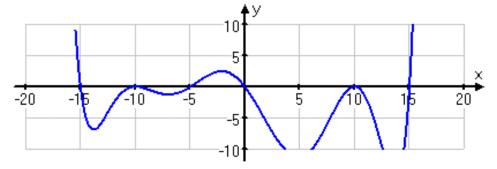
3) State a polynomial that has the roots given {4, -5, 0} and 1 as the leading coefficient.

4) Suppose we know that the polynomial equation has three real solutions and that one of the factors of $4x^3 - 12x^2 + 3x + 5 = 0$ is (x - 1). Find all the solutions to the given equation.

- 5) Given the accompanying graph:
 - a) Find the degree of the equation.
 - b) Find the zeroes of the graph.
 - c) Identify the factors.



6) The following graph shows an eighth-degree polynomial. List the polynomial's zeroes with their multiplicities (even or odd).



Zeros	Multiplicity

TROICI

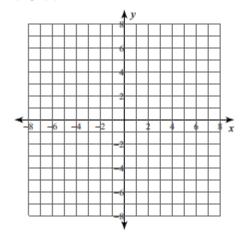
LAB #4

For each of the following polynomial functions:

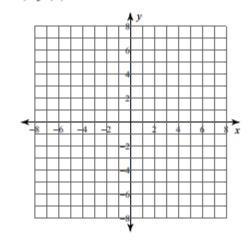
- a. State the degree of the function
- b. State all zeroes and their multiplicities
- c. Sketch each graph.

$$1) f(x) = -x^3$$

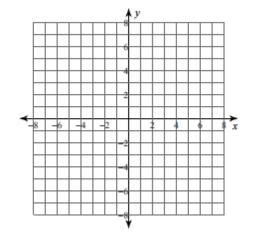
CC ALGEBRA 2



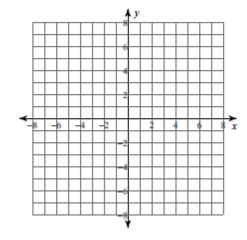
2)
$$f(x) = 2x^3 - 3x^2$$



3)
$$f(x) = x^4 + x^3 - 4x^2 - 4x$$



4)
$$f(x) = x^4 + x^3$$



5) Find all zeroes of the following functions with their multiplicities and state the degree:

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$f(x) = (x-4)(x+4)^3$	f(x) = (x-3)(x+1)		
$f(x) = (x-1)^2 \cdot (x+3)^5$	f(x) = x(x-2)(x+1)		

6) Suppose one of the factors of $x^3 - 10x^2 + 27x - 18$ is (x-3), what are the other two factors?

7) Suppose we know that the polynomial equation has three real solutions and that one of the roots of $x^3 + 3x^2 - 4x - 12 = 0$ is x = -3. State all *solutions*.

8) Factor: 125x³ – 27

9) Factor: $2x^2 - 5x - 12$

10) Factor: $k^4 - 4k^2 + 8k^3 - 32k + 12k^2 - 48$