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AIM: HOW DO WE BISECT AN ANGLE?
Do Now: Directions: Fill in the matching.
A. Angle

1) $\qquad$ Divides an angle into two congruent angles.
B. Interior Angle $\qquad$ An angle whose measure is greater than 180, but less than 360.
C. Straight angle
2) $\qquad$ The union of two rays with a common endpoint.
D. An angle bisector
3) $\qquad$ An angle whose measure is greater than 0, but less than 180.
E. Exterior Angle (Reflex Angle)
4) $\qquad$ is a line and measures $180^{\circ}$

HOW TO BISECT AN ANGLE

| STEPS | CONSTRUCTION | CONCLUSIONS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Start with an angle BAC that we will copy. <br> 1. Place the compasses' point on the angle's vertex A <br> 2. Adjust the compasses to a medium wide setting. The exact width is not important. <br> 3. Without changing the compasses' width, draw an arc across each leg of the angle. Label the points of intersection $X$ and $Y$. <br> 4. You may adjust the compasses width, if necessary. Place the compasses on $X$ draw an arc in the interior of the angle. <br> 5. Without changing the compasses setting repeat for Y so that the two arcs cross. <br> 6. Using a straightedge or ruler, draw a line from the vertex to the point where the arcs cross. |  |  |

PRACTICE: Bisect each angle below. Leave all construction marks.
1.

2.

3.

4.

5. Based on the construction below, which statement must be true?

1) $\mathrm{m} \angle A B D=\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~m} \angle C B D$
2) $\mathrm{m} \angle A B D=\mathrm{m} \angle A B C$
3) $\mathrm{m} \angle A B D=\mathrm{m} \angle C B D$
4) $\mathrm{m} \angle C B D=\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~m} \angle A B D$

6. A straightedge and compass were used to create the construction below. Arc $E F$ was drawn from point $B$, and arcs with equal radii were drawn from $E$ and $F$. Which statement is $f a l s e$ ?
1) $\mathrm{m} \angle A B D=\mathbf{m} \angle D B C$
2) $\frac{1}{2}(\mathrm{~m} \angle A B C)=\mathrm{m} \angle A B D$
3) $2(\mathrm{~m} \angle D B C)=\mathrm{m} \angle A B C$
4) $2(\mathrm{~m} \angle A B C)=\mathrm{m} \angle C B D$

7. Using a compass and straightedge, construct the bisector of $\angle C B A$. [Leave all construction marks.]

