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AIM: WHAT ARE OUR BASIC GEOMETRIC TERMS?

| PICTURE | NOTATION | WORD | DEFINITION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. |  |  | Place or position in space without length, width, or thickness (size) and is represented by a capital letter. |
| 2. |  |  | A set of points with no dimension, infinitely long and infinitely thin. |
| 3. |  |  | A set of points that form a flat surface extending indefinitely in all directions. |
| 4. |  |  | A set of all points that are of equal distance (radius) from a center point. |
| 5. |  |  | The set of all points in between and including the two endpoints |
| 6. |  |  | Part of a line that begins with an endpoint and extends in one direction. |
| 7. |  |  | A set of points that are contained on the same line. |
| 8. |  |  | A set of points that are NOT contained on the same line. |


| 9. |  |  | A point which divides a segment into two congruent segments. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10. |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | A ray that divides angle into two congruent angles. |
| 11. |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | A line or segment that divides a segment into two congruent segments. |
| 12. |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Lines which intersect to form right angles. |
| 13. |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Lines which do not intersect. |
| 14. |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | A triangle with two equal sides and two equal base angles. |
| 15. |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | A triangle with all equal sides and all angles measure 60 degrees. |
| 16. |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | A triangle with no equal sides or angles. |

